	UBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND COMPANY/UNDERTAKING
Material Name Uses	: Shell Morlina S2 B 150 : Machine oil.
0303	
Product Code	: 001D7810
Manufacturer/Supplier	 Shell Pakistan Limited Shell House Clifton 6 Chaudhry Khaliquzzaman Road 75530 Karachi Pakistan
Telephone Fax	: (+92) 2135689525 : (+92) 2135684355
Emergency Telephone Number	: (+92) 800 74355
2. COMPOSITION/INFORMAT	ION ON INGREDIENTS
Preparation Description	
Additional Information	: The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346.
3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION	
EC Classification	: Not classified as dangerous under EC criteria.
Health Hazards	Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions. Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis. Used oil may contain harmful impurities.
Signs and Symptoms	 Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
Safety Hazards Environmental Hazards	 Not classified as flammable but will burn. Not classified as dangerous for the environment.
4. FIRST AID MEASURES	
General Information	: Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
Inhalation	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If
Skin Contact	 symptoms persist, obtain medical advice. Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent
Eye Contact	 irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

5.

Ingestion Advice to Physician	:	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice. Treat symptomatically.
FIRE FIGHTING MEASURE	-	ncy personnel.
Specific Hazards	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide. Unidentified organic and inorganic

Suitable Extinguishing Media Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	:	compounds. Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only. Do not use water in a jet.
	:	Proper protective equipment including breathing apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Avoid contact with spilled or released material. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Material Safety Data Sheet. See Chapter 13 for information on disposal. Observe the relevant local and international regulations.

Protective measures Clean Up Methods Additional Advice	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE		
General Precautions	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used.
Storage	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labelled and closeable containers. Storage Temperature: 0 - 50 $^{\circ}$ C / 32 - 122 $^{\circ}$ F
Recommended Materials	:	For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene.

Unsuitable Materials	-	PVC.
Additional Information	:	Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high
		temperatures because of possible risk of distortion.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

If the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) value is provided on this document, it is provided for information only.

Material	Source	Туре	ppm	mg/m3	Notation
Oil mist, mineral	ACGIH	TWA		5 mg/m3	
		[Mist.]		_	
	ACGIH	STEL		10 mg/m3	
		[Mist.]		_	

Occupational Exposure Limits

Exposure Controls Personal Protective Equipment	:	The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations. Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated. Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.
Respiratory Protection Hand Protection	:	No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for combined particulate/organic gases and vapours [boiling point >65°C(149 °F)]. Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of
Eye Protection	:	gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. Wear safety glasses or full face shield if splashes are likely to occur.

Protective Clothing Monitoring Methods	 Skin protection not ordinarily required beyond standard issue work clothes. Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing
Environmental Exposure Controls	 zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate. Minimise release to the environment. An environmental assessment must be made to ensure compliance with local environmental legislation.
9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL	
Appearance	: Amber. Liquid at room temperature.
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon.
pH Initial Boiling Point and	: Not applicable. : > 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(s)
Boiling Range	. > 200 C / 350 T estimated value(s)
Pour point	: Typical -15 °C / 5 °F
Flash point	: Typical 262 °C / 504 °F (COC)
Upper / lower Flammability	: Typical 1 - 10 %(V) (based on mineral oil)
or Explosion limits	
Auto-ignition temperature	> 320 °C / 608 °F
Vapour pressure	< 0.5 Pa at 20 °C / 68 °F (estimated value(s))
Density Water solubility	: Typical 887 kg/m3 at 15 °C / 59 °F : Negligible.
n-octanol/water partition	 Negligible. > 6 (based on information on similar products)
coefficient (log Pow)	
Kinematic viscosity	: Typical 150 mm2/s at 40 °C / 104 °F
Vapour density (air=1)	
Evaporation rate (nBuAc=1)	: Data not available
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVIT	· V
Stability	: Stable.
Conditions to Avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Materials to Avoid	: Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous	: Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form
Decomposition Products	during normal storage.
11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORM Basis for Assessment	: Information given is based on data on the components and the
Dasis IVI Assessillell	toxicology of similar products.
Acute Oral Toxicity	: Expected to be of low toxicity: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg , Rat
Acute Dermal Toxicity	: Expected to be of low toxicity: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg , Rabbit
Acute Inhalation Toxicity	: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal
-	conditions of use.
Skin Irritation	: Expected to be slightly irritating.
Eye Irritation	: Expected to be slightly irritating.
Respiratory Irritation	: Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation.
Sensitisation Repeated Dose Toxicity	Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.Not expected to be a hazard.
Mutagenicity	: Not expected to be a nazard. : Not considered a mutagenic hazard.
Carcinogenicity	: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-
	carcinogenic in animal skin-painting studies. Highly refined

	mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). Other components are not known to be associated with carcinogenic effects.	
Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity	: Not expected to be a hazard.	
Additional Information	: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal. ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.	

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.

Acute Toxicity	:	Poorly soluble mixture. May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms. Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l (to aquatic organisms) (LL/EL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract). Mineral oil is not expected to cause any chronic effects to aquatic organisms at concentrations less than 1 mg/l.
Mobility	:	Liquid under most environmental conditions. Floats on water. If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile.
Persistence/degradability	:	Expected to be not readily biodegradable. Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegradable, but the product contains components that may persist in the environment.
Bioaccumulation	:	Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.
Other Adverse Effects	:	Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which are not expected to be released to air in any significant quantities. Not expected to have ozone depletion potential, photochemical ozone creation potential or global warming potential.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS	
Material Disposal :	Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses.
Container Disposal	Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.
Local Legislation	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land (as per ADR classification): Not regulated

This material is not classified as dangerous under ADR regulations.

IMDG

This material is not classified as dangerous under IMDG regulations.

IATA (Country variations may apply)

This material is not classified as dangerous under IATA regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

EC Classification Local Inventories	: Not classified as dangerous under EC criteria.
EINECS	: All components
	listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA	: All components listed.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

MSDS Version Number	:	1.0
MSDS Effective Date	:	07/28/2010
MSDS Revisions	:	A vertical bar () in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.
MSDS Distribution	:	The information in this document should be made available to all who may handle the product.
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